THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A bioprosthesis comprising:
- a tissue having an elastin content of at least about 10% by weight of the tissue; and
- 5 a support material attached to the tissue.
 - 2. The bioprosthesis of claim 1, in which the tissue has an elastin content of greater than about 30% by weight of the tissue.
 - 3. The bioprosthesis of claim 1, wherein the tissue is an anisotropic tissue.
- 4. The bioprosthesis of claim 3, wherein the anisotropic tissue exhibits greater stiffness in a first direction and greater elasticity in a second direction.
 - 5. The bioprosthesis of claim 1, wherein the tissue is vena cava tissue.
- 6. The bioprosthesis of claim 5, wherein the vena cava tissue is porcine vena cava tissue.
 - 7. The bioprosthesis of claim 1, wherein the support material comprises a stent.
 - 8. The bioprosthesis of claim 1, wherein the support material comprises a suture ring.
- 9. The bioprosthesis of claim 1, wherein the bioprosthesis is a bioprosthetic heart valve.
 - 10. A bioprosthetic heart valve comprising:
 - a fixed tissue having an elastin content of at least about 10% by weight of the tissue; and
- a support structure selected from the group consisting of a suture ring and a stent.
 - 11. The bioprosthetic heart valve of claim 10, wherein the tissue has an elastin content of at least about 30% by weight of the tissue.
- 12. The bioprosthetic heart valve of claim 10, wherein the tissue is vena cava tissue.

- 13. The bioprosthetic heart valve of claim 10, wherein the tissue is porcine vena cava tissue.
- 14. The bioprosthetic heart valve of claim 10, wherein the bioprosthetic heart valve is a tricuspid heart valve.
- 5 15. The bioprosthetic heart valve of claim 10, wherein the bioprosthetic heart valve is a bicuspid heart valve.
 - 16. A process for forming a bioprosthesis comprising: providing a flat tissue having an elastin content of at least about 10%;
- excising a portion of the flat tissue; and attaching the portion to a support material of the bioprosthesis.
 - 17. The process of claim 16, wherein the flat tissue is an anisotropic material, and the excised portion of the flat tissue exhibits greater stiffness in a first direction and greater elasticity in a second direction.
- 15 18. The process of claim 17, wherein the excised portion of the flat tissue is formed in the shape of a heart valve leaflet, the direction of greater elasticity of the excised portion being substantially equivalent to the center-most radius of the heart valve leaflet.
 - 19. The process of claim 17, wherein the excised portion of the flat tissue is formed in the shape of a heart valve leaflet.
 - 20. The process of claim 19, wherein the heart valve leaflet is a tricuspid valve leaflet.
 - 21. The process of claim 19, wherein the heart valve leaflet is a bicuspid valve leaflet.
- 25 22. The process of claim 16, wherein the bioprosthesis is a bioprosthetic heart valve.

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- 23. The process of claim 16, wherein the support material comprises a suture ring.
 - 24. The process of claim 16, wherein the flat tissue is vena cava tissue.

- 25. The process of claim 24, further comprising obtaining a section of vena cava, and opening the section of vena cava with a longitudinal incision to form a flat tissue.
- 26. The process of claim 24, wherein the vena cava is porcine vena 5 cava.
 - 27. The process of claim 16, further comprising chemically fixing the tissue.
- 28. A process for replacing a damaged cardiac valve comprising: surgical removal of a damaged cardiac valve from the heart of a patient;

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cardiac valve annulus.

implantation of a bioprosthetic heart valve in the cardiac valve annulus, wherein the bioprosthetic heart valve comprises a fixed tissue having an elastin content of at least about 10% by weight of the tissue and a support structure selected from the group consisting of a suture ring and a stent; and attachment of the bioprosthetic heart valve to the tissue of the

- 29. The process of claim 28, wherein the tissue has an elastin content of at least about 30% by weight of the tissue.
 - 30. The process of claim 28, wherein the tissue is vena cava tissue.
- 31. The process of claim 30, wherein the tissue is porcine vena cava tissue.
- 32. The process of claim 28, wherein the bioprosthetic heart valve is a tricuspid heart valve.
- 33. The process of claim 28, wherein the bioprosthetic heart valve is a bicuspid heart valve.